

ECN for RTP over UDP

draft-ietf-avt-ecn-for-rtp-03

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Outline

- › Introduction
- › Changes
- › Issues
 - Nonce
 - Initiation mechanisms
 - Combining ECN packets
 - Registry for ICE options
- › Going Forward

Introduction

- › Specifying a general mechanism for how to use ECN for RTP when sent over UDP
- › Needs to work for all usages of RTP
 - Unicast
 - Multicast
 - Mixer and Translators
- › Solution consists of phases
 - Signaling
 - Initiation
 - Ongoing usage
 - Fault detection and recovery
- › Thanks to Bob Briscoe for extensive review of -02

Changes since previous version

- › Removed Nonce (more about this later)
- › Clarified some terminology
- › Some restructuring moving RTCP Report Extensions prior to usage description
- › Changed description of when Leap of Faith is applicable
- › Suggestion that implementations should log ECN path failures found
- › Assigned some code-points
 - RTP/AVPF transport layer feedback packet type 6
 - RTCP XR block type 13
- › Various editorial cleanups

Issue – ECN Nonce

- › Support for ECN nonce was removed in -03 following email discussion around anti-cheating mechanisms raised by Bob Briscoe
- › Cumbersome mechanism with low utility
 - Big Report packets
 - Not fool proof
- › Relies on sender being trustworthy and honest
 - This is likely true for infrastructure devices
- › A Cheater can easily avoid the ECN nonce mechanism
 - Claim to be non-ECN compliant, and lie about packet loss

- › Is there consensus on removing this from base solution?
 - Nonce mechanism could be revived later as an extension (although we need to be careful to ensure the signalling is extensible to allow this)

Issue – Initiation Mechanisms

- › Draft currently specifies 3 mechanisms for initiation:
 - Probing using occasional ECN-marked RTP packets, with RTCP feedback
 - Leap of Faith
 - STUN-based probing for use with ICE
- › Cullen Jennings raised that he would prefer only one method.
- › Probing appears to be the only generally applicable mechanism (i.e., that works in all use cases):
 - ICE not always used, and does not work in multicast
 - Leap of faith can result in failure if a middle-box drops ECN-marked packets
- › Suggestion:
 - MUST implement RTCP-based probing; leap-of-faith is OPTIONAL
 - If ICE is implemented then MUST implement STUN-based probing, but MAY fall-back to RTCP-based probing if that fails

Issue – Combining ECN packets

- › In Translators ECN packets can be split or joined – what happens to ECN-CE markings on such packets?
- › Current solution based on TCP rules
 - If a marked packet is split, all resulting packets are marked; if a marked packet is combined, the resulting packet is marked
 - Bob Briscoe proposes marking based on the ratio of marked *bytes*
 - › “...the outgoing packet SHOULD be ECN-CE marked with a probability proportional to the ratio of ECN-CE bytes to total bytes in the incoming packets being combined. However, for simplicity, the outgoing packet MAY be ECN-CE marked if any of the incoming packets are ECN-CE marked. This latter option will inflate the amount of congestion indicated, but it is at least safe.”
- › Is the improved resolution in congestion volume worth the complexity?

Issue – ICE Options IANA Registry

- › RFC 5245 states that an ICE options registry exists, but doesn't define it
- › This draft needs to register an option into this registry!

- › Solutions:
 - Define the registry in this draft? (preferred)
 - Submit a separate draft to MMUSIC?

Going Forward

- › Known issues still to address:
 - Add SDP parameter for XR and FB packets
 - Clarify SDP Offer/Answer and write SDP examples
 - Clarify what parts are mandatory to implement
 - Improve specification modularity
 - Fix SDP attribute so “ect” remains extensible
 - Improve considerations how media stream directionality and ECN directionality interact
 - Determine if optimization for end-points with multiple SSRCs in unicast can have quicker resolution of ECN capability
- › Resolve the issues discussed today

- › Aim at having next version of draft in December, hope to be ready for WG last call by IETF 80